ENTRANCE ANTIPHON

He fed them with the finest wheat and satisfied them with honey from the rock.

GLORIA

Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace to people of good will. We praise you, we bless you, we bless you, we glorify you, we glorify you, we give you thanks for your great glory, Lord God, heavenly King, O God, almighty Father. Lord Jesus Christ, Only Begotten Son, Lord God, Lamb of God, Son of the Father, you take away the sins of the world, have mercy on us;

you take away the sins of the world, receive our prayer;

you are seated at the right hand of the Father, have mercy on us.

For you alone are the Holy One, you alone are the Lord, you alone are the Most High, Jesus Christ, with the Holy Spirit, in the glory of God the Father.

Amen.

COLLECT

O God, who in this wonderful Sacrament have left us a memorial of your Passion, grant us, we pray,

so to revere the sacred mysteries of your Body and Blood

that we may always experience in ourselves the fruits of your redemption.

FIRST READING

Ex 24:3-8

A reading from the book of Exodus. Moses went and told the people all the commands of the Lord and all the ordinances. In answer, all the people said with one voice, "We will observe all the commands that the Lord has decreed. Moses put all the commands of the Lord into writing, and early next morning he built an altar at the foot of the mountain, with twelve standing-stones for the twelve tribes of Israel. Then he directed certain young Israelites to offer holocausts and to immolate bullocks to the Lord as communion sacrifices. Half of the blood Moses took up and put into basins, the other half he cast on the altar. And taking the Book of the Covenant he read it to the listening people, and they said, "We will observe all that the Lord has decreed; we will obey." Then Moses took the blood and cast it towards the people. "This", he said "is the blood of the Covenant that the Lord has made with you, containing all these rules." The word of the Lord.

RESP. PSALM

Ps 115

Response:

The cup of salvation I will raise; I will call on the Lord's name.

Alleluia!

- How can I repay the Lord for his goodness to me?
 The cup of salvation I will raise;
 I will call on the Lord's name. (R.)
- O precious in the eyes of the Lord is the death of his faithful. Your servant, Lord, your servant am I; you have loosened my bonds. (R.)

A thanksgiving sacrifice I make: I will call on the Lord's name. My vows to the Lord I will fulfil before all his people. (R.)

SECOND READING Heb 9:11-15

A reading from the letter to the Hebrews. Now Christ has come, as the high priest of all the blessings which were to come. He has passed through the greater, the more perfect tent, which is better than one made by men's hands because it is not of this created order; and he has entered the sanctuary once and for all, taking with him not the blood of goats and bull calves, but his own blood, having won an eternal redemption for us. The blood of goats and bulls and the ashes of a heifer are sprinkled on those who have incurred defilement and they restore the holiness of their outward lives; how much more effectively the blood of Christ, who offered himself as the perfect sacrifice to God through the eternal Spirit, can purify our inner self from dead actions so that we do our service to the living God. He brings a new covenant, as the mediator, only so that the people who were called to an eternal inheritance may actually receive what was promised: his death took place to cancel

SEQUENCE (shorter form)

The word of the Lord.

the sins that infringed the earlier covenant.

Behold the bread of angels, sent For pilgrims in their banishment, The bread for God's true children meant, That may not unto dogs be given: Oft in the olden types foreshadowed; In Isaac on the altar bowed, And in the ancient paschal food, And in the manna sent from heaven. Come then, good shepherd, bread divine, Still show to us thy mercy sign; Oh, feed us still, still keep us thine; So may we see thy glories shine In fields of immortality; O thou, the wisest, mightiest, best, Our present food, our future rest, Come make us each thy chosen guest,

GOSPEL ACCLAMATION

Co-heirs of thine, and comrades blest

With saints whose dwelling is with thee.

Alleluia, alleluia!

I am the living bread which has come down from heaven,

savs the Lord.

Anyone who eats this bread will live for ever. Alleluia!

GOSPEL Mk 14:12-16.22-26

A reading from the holy Gospel according to Mark.

On the first day of Unleavened Bread, when the Passover lamb was sacrificed, his disciples said to Jesus, "Where do you want us to go and make the preparations for you to eat the passover?" So he sent two of his disciples, saying to them, "Go into the city and you will meet a man carrying a pitcher of water. Follow him, and say to the owner of the house which he enters, "The Master says: Where is my dining room in which I can eat the Passover with my disciples?" He will show you a large upper room furnished with couches, all prepared. Make the preparations for us there." The disciples set out and went

to the city and found everything as he had told them, and prepared the Passover.

And as they were eating he took some bread, and when he had said the blessing he broke it and gave it to them. "Take it," he said "this is my body." Then he took a cup, and when he had returned thanks he gave it to them, and all drank from it, and he said to them, "This is my blood, the blood of the covenant, which is to be poured out for many. I tell you solemnly, I shall not drink any more wine until the day I drink the new wine in the kingdom of God."

After psalms had been sung they left for the Mount of Olives.

The Gospel of the Lord.

PROFESSION OF FAITH

I believe in one God,
the Father almighty,
maker of heaven and earth,
of all things visible and invisible.
I believe in one Lord Jesus Christ,
the Only Begotten Son of God,
born of the Father before all ages.
God from God, Light from Light,
true God from true God,
begotten, not made, consubstantial with
the Father;
through him all things were made.

through him all things were made.
For us men and for our salvation
he came down from heaven,
and by the Holy Spirit was incarnate of the
Virgin Mary,

and became man.

For our sake he was crucified under Pontius Pilate,

he suffered death and was buried, and rose again on the third day in accordance with the Scriptures. He ascended into heaven

and is seated at the right hand of the Father.

He will come again in glory

to judge the living and the dead and his kingdom will have no end.

I believe in the Holy Spirit, the Lord, the giver of life,

who proceeds from the Father and the Son, who with the Father and the Son is adored and glorified,

who has spoken through the prophets. I believe in one, holy, catholic and apostolic Church.

I confess one Baptism for the forgiveness of sins

and I look forward to the resurrection of the dead and the life of the world to come. Amen.

PRAYER OVER THE OFFERINGS

Grant your Church, O Lord, we pray, the gifts of unity and peace, whose signs are to be seen in mystery in the offerings we here present.

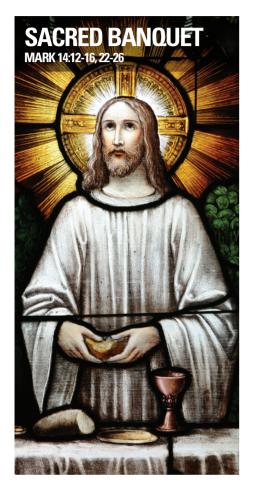
COMMUNION ANTIPHON

Whoever eats my flesh and drinks my blood remains in me and I in him, says the Lord.

PRAYER AFTER COMMUNION

Grant, O Lord, we pray, that we may delight for all eternity in that share in your divine life, which is foreshadowed in the present age by our reception of your precious Body and Blood. THE WORD

Psalter Week 2



LEARN

The word Eucharist means 'thanksgiving,' as in this celebration we thank God for all the gifts of his creation and especially for the gift of life through Jesus his Son.

Celebrating the Eucharist is the work of the whole community, not of the priest alone

A 'visit to the Blessed Sacrament' is a traditional Catholic devotion of great value.

PRAY

Pray for the people in our parish who care for the church and the altar, keeping it clean and adorning it with flowers.

DO

Check if your elderly or housebound relatives are on the parish's communion list so that communion can be brought to them regularly.

The reading falls into two parts – preparations for the Passover meal and the meal itself. During the meal Jesus gives the gift of his body and blood.

Preparations for Passover were elaborate. Special food had to be purchased, a lamb had to be brought to the temple and sacrificed during the afternoon, and every trace of leaven had to be removed from the house where the meal was eaten. The place Jesus chose for the meal was probably a dining room belonging to a friend whose servant the disciples would meet while he was fetching water.

The foods eaten at the Passover meal recalled the Israelites escape from Egypt. The bread was flat, dry and unleavened because there was no time to let it rise in the haste to flee. The Passover rite still describes it as 'the bread of affliction, the poor bread our ancestors ate.' Wine was drunk at Passover, indicating that this was a meal of celebration.

Jesus adds something new to this traditional holy meal. His disciples will celebrate it in his memory, not just once a year, but whenever they come together. The broken bread and poured wine are signs of his life, given in love on the cross. His final words are a vow and promise that what has begun at the table will be accomplished in the kingdom of God. The Passover traditionally ends with psalms of praise (the Great Hallel). A new episode opens as they leave the supper room to begin a time of anguished prayer on the Mount of Olives.

REFLECT

rom the earliest days of the Church, the Blessed Sacrament was reserved for the communion of the sick. For several hundred years, this was done with very little outward display. By the middle ages, it began to receive more attention. The Blessed Sacrament was often kept in a little tower in the sanctuary of the church called 'the Sacrament Tower.' When it was brought to the sick, people wanted to accompany Jesus as he passed through their streets of their town on his way to the sick bed. These were the first 'Eucharistic processions' that are a feature of the celebration of today's feast. Confraternities were formed to ensure there were volunteers to accompany the priest and to provide candles for the procession.

St Juliana of Liege lived in Belgium in the twelfth century. She was the first person to suggest that a day be devoted to honouring the mystery of the Blessed Sacrament. It was first celebrated in Liege in 1246. It would be another twenty years before it became a feast for the whole church.

The greatest theologian of the time, St Thomas Aquinas, was commissioned to compose the Mass and Office for the feast. The prayers recall many aspects of the Eucharist – as food for the journey of life, the abiding presence, the memorial of the passion and death of Jesus, our share in his sacrifice. ■



SAY

'O sacred banquet! Here Christ is received, the memory of his Passion is recalled, our mind is filled with grace, and a pledge of future glory is given to us.'